

October 26, 2011

ANNUAL FUNDING NOTICE FOR SHEET METAL WORKERS' LOCAL NO. 73 PENSION PLAN

Introduction

This notice includes important funding information about your pension plan (“the Plan”). This notice also provides a summary of federal rules governing multiemployer plans in reorganization and insolvent plans and benefit payments guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC), a federal agency. This notice is for the plan year beginning July 1, 2010 and ending June 30, 2011 (referred to hereafter as “Plan Year”).

Funded Percentage

The funded percentage of a plan is a measure of how well that plan is funded. This percentage is obtained by dividing the plan's assets by its liabilities on the valuation date for the plan year. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. The Plan's funded percentage for the Plan Year and two preceding Plan Years is set forth in the chart below, along with a statement of the value of the Plan's assets and liabilities for the same period.

	<i>2010 Plan Year</i>	<i>2009 Plan Year</i>	<i>2008 Plan Year</i>
Valuation Date	<i>July 1, 2010</i>	<i>July 1, 2009</i>	<i>July 1, 2008</i>
Funded Percentage	75.15%	75.94%	79.15%
Value of Assets	\$307,449,104	\$312,760,455	\$324,231,259
Value of Liabilities	\$409,133,503	\$411,836,372	\$409,666,771

Fair Market Value of Assets

Asset values in the chart above are actuarial values, not market values. Market values tend to show a clearer picture of a plan's funded status as of a given point in time. However, because market values can fluctuate daily based on factors in the marketplace, such as changes in the stock market, pension law allows plans to use actuarial values for funding purposes. While actuarial values fluctuate less than market values, they are estimates. As of June 30, 2011, the fair market value of the Plan's assets was approximately \$384,275,897 (based on a draft audit). As of June 30, 2010, the fair market value of the Plan's assets was \$329,705,598. As of June 30, 2009, the fair market value of the Plan's assets was \$300,534,203.

Participant Information

The total number of participants in the Plan as of the Plan's valuation date was 6,178. Of this number, 2,476 were active participants, 2,887 were retired or separated from service and receiving benefits, and 815 were retired or separated from service and entitled to future benefits.

Funding & Investment Policies

The law requires that every pension plan have a procedure for establishing a funding policy to carry out the plan objectives. A funding policy relates to the level of contributions needed to pay for benefits promised under the plan currently and over the years. The Plan is funded by contributions made by employers pursuant to collective bargaining agreements with the unions that represent the Plan's participants.

Once money is contributed to the Plan, the money is invested by plan officials called fiduciaries. Specific investments are made in accordance with the Plan's investment policy. Generally speaking, an investment policy is a written statement that provides the fiduciaries who are responsible for plan investments with guidelines or general instructions concerning various types or categories of investment management decisions. The investment policy of the Plan is as follows: The Pension Fund invests its assets in a diversified mix of equities, fixed income and cash equivalents with approximately 60% in equities.

In accordance with the Plan's investment policy, the Plan's assets were allocated among the following categories of investments, as of the end of the Plan Year. These allocations are percentages of total assets:

	Asset Allocations	Percentage
1.	Interest-bearing cash	8.7%
2.	U.S. / Government securities	8.9%
3.	Corporate debt instruments (other than employer securities): Preferred All other	0.0% 8.6%
4.	Corporate stocks (other than employer securities): Preferred Common	0.0% 39.3%
5.	Partnership/joint venture interests	0.0%
6.	Real estate (other than employer real property)	0.0%
7.	Loans (other than to participants)	0.0%
8.	Participant loans	0.0%
9.	Value of interest in common/ collective trusts	12.5%
10.	Value of interest in pooled separate accounts	0.0%
11.	Value of interest in master trust investment accounts	0.0%
12.	Value of interest in 103-12 investment entities	0.0%

	Asset Allocations	Percentage
13.	Value of interest in registered investment companies (e.g., mutual funds)	21.2%
14.	Value of funds held in insurance co. general account (unallocated contracts)	0.0%
15.	Employer-related investments: Employer Securities Employer real property	0.0% 0.0%
16.	Buildings and other property used in plan operation	0.0%
17.	Other	0.8%

For information about the Plan's investment in any of the following types of investments as described in the chart above – common/collective trusts, pooled separate accounts, master trust investment accounts, or 103-12 investment entities – contact Mr. Joseph Ohm at (708) 449-7373.

Critical or Endangered Status

Under federal pension law, a plan generally will be considered to be in "endangered" status if, at the beginning of the plan year, the funded percentage of the plan is less than 80 percent or in "critical" status if the percentage is less than 65 percent (other factors may also apply). If a pension plan enters endangered status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a funding improvement plan. Similarly, if a pension plan enters critical status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a rehabilitation plan. Rehabilitation and funding improvement plans establish steps and benchmarks for pension plans to improve their funding status over a specified period of time.

The Plan was in endangered status (also known as the Yellow Zone) in the Plan Year because the Plan's funded percentage was less than 80 percent. In an effort to improve the Plan's funding situation, the trustees adopted the Funding Improvement Plan ("FIP") described below. The Funding Improvement Period for the Pension Plan is the period of 10 plan years beginning July 1, 2011. The FIP maintains the current plan of benefits and a minimum of the contribution rates provided in the collective bargaining agreements in effect on July 1, 2010. Accordingly, both the default schedule (the schedule that would be applicable should a schedule not be adopted in collective bargaining on a timely basis) and the alternative schedule consist of the following:

- As of the start of the Funding Improvement Period, an average contribution rate of at least \$5.56 per hour among all contributing employers and for every year that the Fund is in endangered status, and
- The plan of benefits in effect as of the day before the date of certification of endangered status (September 25, 2008), for all current and future active participants and for every year that the Plan is in endangered status, except for:
 - a) any benefit changes required for the Plan to continue meeting the requirements to maintain its tax qualification under the Internal Revenue Code and comply with other applicable law, or
 - b) after commencement of the Funding Improvement Period, specific benefit increases, if the Trustees determine that they will be financed out of contributions not contemplated for the FIP and will not impede the Plan's progress toward achieving the PPA benchmarks for plans in endangered status.

You may obtain a copy of the Plan's funding improvement plan and the actuarial and financial data that demonstrate any action taken by the Plan toward fiscal improvement by contacting the plan administrator.

Events with Material Effect on Assets or Liabilities

Federal law requires trustees to provide in this notice a written explanation of events, taking effect in the current plan year, which are expected to have a material effect on plan liabilities or assets. For the Plan Year beginning on July 1, 2011 and ending on June 30, 2012, the volatility in the financial markets could have such an effect.

Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report

A pension plan is required to file with the US Department of Labor an annual report called the Form 5500 that contains financial and other information about the plan. Copies of the annual report are available from the US Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration's Public Disclosure Room at 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N-1513, Washington, DC 20210, or by calling (202) 693-8673. You may obtain an electronic copy of the plan's annual report by going to www.efast.dol.gov and using the Form 5500 search function. You may also obtain a copy of the Plan's annual report by making a written request to the plan administrator. Individual information, such as the amount of your accrued benefit under the Plan, is not contained in the annual report. If you are seeking information regarding your benefits under the Plan, contact the plan administrator identified below under "Where to Get More Information."

Summary of Rules Governing Plans in Reorganization and Insolvent Plans

Federal law has a number of special rules that apply to financially troubled multiemployer plans. Under so-called "plan reorganization rules," a plan with adverse financial experience may need to increase required contributions and may, under certain circumstances, reduce benefits that are not eligible for the PBGC's guarantee (generally, benefits that have been in effect for less than 60 months). If a plan is in reorganization status, it must provide notification that the plan is in reorganization status and that, if contributions are not increased, accrued benefits under the plan may be reduced or an excise tax may be imposed (or both). The law requires the plan to furnish this notification to each contributing employer and the labor organization.

Despite the special plan reorganization rules, a plan in reorganization nevertheless could become insolvent. A plan is insolvent for a plan year if its available financial resources are not sufficient to pay benefits when due for the plan year. An insolvent plan must reduce benefit payments to the highest level that can be paid from the plan's available financial resources. If such resources are not enough to pay benefits at a level specified by law (see Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC, below), the plan must apply to the PBGC for financial assistance. The PBGC, by law, will loan the plan the amount necessary to pay benefits at the guaranteed level. Reduced benefits may be restored if the plan's financial condition improves.

A plan that becomes insolvent must provide prompt notification of the insolvency to participants and beneficiaries, contributing employers, labor unions representing participants, and PBGC. In addition, participants and beneficiaries also must receive information regarding whether, and how, their benefits will be reduced or affected as a result of the insolvency, including loss of a lump sum option. This information will be provided for each year the plan is insolvent.

Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC

The maximum benefit that the PBGC guarantees is set by law. Only vested benefits are guaranteed. Specifically, the PBGC guarantees a monthly benefit payment equal to 100 percent of the first \$11 of the Plan's monthly benefit accrual rate, plus 75 percent of the next \$33 of the accrual rate, times each year of credited service. The PBGC's maximum guarantee, therefore, is \$35.75 per month times a participant's years of credited service.

Example 1: If a participant with 10 years of credited service has an accrued monthly benefit of \$500, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the PBGC guarantee would be determined by dividing the monthly benefit by the participant's years of service ($\$500/10$), which equals \$50. The guaranteed amount for a \$50 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$24.75 ($.75 \times \$33$), or \$35.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit is \$357.50 ($\35.75×10).

Example 2: If the participant in Example 1 has an accrued monthly benefit of \$200, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the guarantee would be \$20 (or $\$200/10$). The guaranteed amount for a \$20 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$6.75 ($.75 \times \$9$), or \$17.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit would be \$177.50 ($\17.75×10).

The PBGC guarantees pension benefits payable at normal retirement age and some early retirement benefits. In calculating a person's monthly payment, the PBGC will disregard any benefit increases that were made under the plan within 60 months before the earlier of the plan's termination or insolvency (or benefits that were in effect for less than 60 months at the time of termination or insolvency). Similarly, the PBGC does not guarantee pre-retirement death benefits to a spouse or beneficiary (e.g., a qualified pre-retirement survivor annuity) if the participant dies after the plan terminates, benefits above the normal retirement benefit, disability benefits not in pay status, or non-pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, death benefits, vacation pay, or severance pay.

Where to Get More Information

For more information about this notice, you may contact the individual below.

Mr. Joseph Ohm
Fund Administrator
Sheet Metal Workers' Local 73 Pension Fund
4530 Roosevelt Road
Hillside, IL 60162
(708) 449-7373

For identification purposes, the official plan number is 001 and the plan sponsor's employer identification number or "EIN" is 51-6126221. For more information about the PBGC and benefit guarantees, go to PBGC's website, www.pbgc.gov, or call PBGC toll-free at 1-800-400-7242 (TTY/TDD users may call the Federal relay service toll free at 1-800-877-8339 and ask to be connected to 1-800-400-7242).